

## CASSITY BROS.

CHAS. CASSITY. AARON CASSITY  
Main Street, Over Bowling Alley, Paris, Ky.

## LADIES' GARMENTS DRY CLEANER

Anything from a pair of gloves to ball or opera gowns and from draperies to oriental rugs, will be made JUST LIKE NEW, cleaned by our exclusive

## FRENCH BENZOL PROCESS

We are the ONLY house in the country using the Benzol method for dry cleaning. This exclusive process keeps garments clean three times as long as those cleaned all other processes. Neither odor, shrinkage, fading nor injury to Benzol cleaned fabrics.

## The French Benzol Dry Cleaning Co.

Hats Cleaned and Blocked while you wait.

Phone No. 78.

## TWIN BROTHERS

Come to the Big Bargain Sale

Commencing July 9th to 25th,  
at

## TWIN BROTHERS

## Big Department Store,

Big Dry Goods, Shoes, Millinery Carpet Departments  
701 Corner Main and 7th Sts., PARIS, KY.

## TWIN BROS.

703 Main Street,

## An Invitation

Come in and inspect Our New Line of

## Spring Clothing,

## W. L. DOUGLAS

\$2.50, 3.00, 3.50

## Men's Shoes.

TWIN BROS. CLOTHING AND SHOE STORE,

703 Main St., Next to Fee's Grocery.

## YOU ARE NEXT AT "BUCKS."

When in need of a first class shave call at Buck's place and you will be given first-class service. You can always catch a turn. Three polite barbers to wait on. Buck's new bath room is complete, nice porcelain tubs, hot water at all times and polite attendants to take care of your wants.

## NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of the late Benj. Perry are earnestly requested to call at the store at once and settle with the undersigned.

IVA PERRY DAVIS,  
Administratrix.

## Bicycle For Sale.

Proquois Bicycle. High grade machine. Only been ridden once. Girls style. Reason for selling child cannot ride on account of health. Suitable for girl 8 to 12 years. For further particulars apply at NEWS office.

## Don't Push

The horse can draw the load without help, if you reduce friction to almost nothing by applying

## Mica Axle Grease

to the wheels. No other lubricant ever made wears so long and saves so much horse power. Next time try MICA AXLE GREASE. Standard Oil Co. Incorporated

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Disintegrator will cure Blind Piles. It is the only medicine that attacks the piles at once, gets as a poultice, grows instantly into a powerful Indian Pile Disintegrator. It is guaranteed to break up the piles and is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price—50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS' MANUFACTURING CO., Troy, N. Y., Cleveland, Ohio. For Sale by Ourderer.

## THE BOURBON NEWS.

BOTH PHONES, 124. NO. 320 MAIN STREET.

SWIFT CHAMP. - - EDITOR AND OWNER.

(Entered at the Paris, Kentucky, Postoffice as Second-class Mail Matter.)

Established in 1881—26 Years of Continuous Publication

Display advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion; reading notices, 10 cents per line each issue; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line each issue; cards of thanks, calls on candidates and similar matter, 10 cents per line. Special rates for big advertisements.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

ONE YEAR, \$2.00 | SIX MONTHS, \$1.00  
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

## The Press And The Grafters.

[From Kentucky Magazine.]

Two notable "regulations," the one enacting that railroads shall not sell transportation in exchange for advertising, the other raising their own salaries to \$7,500 per annum, are the principal "ree-cords" left by the members of the Fifty-ninth Congress. The first is a gross injustice to the newspapers, is an infringement of personal rights and in violation of the Constitution. No sillier legislation was ever adopted. True, railroads are quasi public agents and are properly the subject of legislation, but the enactment of such a law shows that if the "average Congressman" had his way, the five or six men who really shape legislation could lead him to the support of a bill to prohibit A from swapping his horse for B's cow. A would have to sell his horse and buy the cow; B must then sell his cow and pay the same cash back to A in exchange for the horse. Laws against rebates on the part of the railroads are well enough. They protect the small shipper who for years has protested against such discrimination, but no publisher, large or small, has ever protested against a system which was satisfactory to all parties concerned.

It is not surprising that the same members who thus interfered with personal, private contract, which were not against public morals, or violative of any individual rights, should have a keen nose for graft to go into their own pockets, aggregating \$4,297,500 a year—the "unearned increment" being \$1,423,500, in addition to the other and larger unearned part of it. It is at least unearned as far as an overwhelming majority of the members go. Seventy-five hundred dollars a year to so many men who are not worth seventy-five cents a day. Watch them at work and you will be ready to agree with Grandison Philpott in the Kentucky Legislature, referring to the member who had just been opposing Grand's pet bill in a labored speech: "Mr. Speaker! If that is the best the gentleman from Hardin kin do, the folks who sent him here had better writ a letter."

We have no prejudice against the Great Unknown Congressmen. There are many thousands of the brainiest men—great and good men—who are not now five miles from home. In fact, the world seldom knows its greatest men. But they don't get \$7,500 a year for it. They have to be great and good for nothing and pay the grafters who are great only in a very small way and good for nothing by a large majority. And for many decades our "statesmen" have been getting ten-cent mileage on the roads, and the people pay the graft, while the beneficiaries ride on free passes—the rapscallions.

## Army Disorganized.

Commenting on the recent dismissal of Col. Ayres from the army, the Houston (Texas) Post remarks:

"From the rise of power of General Corbin, during the McKinley administration, the official roster of the army has undergone many changes due to executive favoritism and the intrigues of the war department's bureaucracy. Many soldiers who served with distinction in the Civil and Indian wars as well as in the Spanish-American war were summarily retired or denied promotion in order that rank fakers like Leonard Wood might be advanced before their merits. Soldiers who rendered such ill treatment, as Schley rendered it in the navy, have been given the 'hot end of the poker,' to use modern vernacular, and their efforts to obtain justice have not availed because the power that dominated the war department has likewise dominated the legislative department of the government."

The case of General Miles is also memorable. The army has been so completely demoralized by the military quackery of Roosevelt and his satellites that it needs a complete reorganization.

It is not a revival of "state rights" to say that a corporation doing business under the laws of a state shall obey those laws.

People would have but few troubles if they didn't try to act smart.

## The Turn In The Lane.

"It is a long lane that has no turn," says the proverb. It looked for years as if the Standard Oil Company was an exception to the rule; it violated every law, human and divine; it bankrupted rivals and impoverished producers; it extorted from the public; it coerced railroads into violations of state and federal statutes; it overruled courts and subsidized the churches, the colleges and the press. But the turn has come at last, and it is a short, sharp turn too. Judge Landis gives the company the full limit of the law and expresses regret that imprisonment can not be added. The fine of \$29,240,000 is nearly thirty times the capital stock of the subordinate corporation through which the Standard acted, and it about equal to eight months' dividend of the big company. But the moral influence of the fine is still more important; other judges will take notice and the judge who shows leniency will have to explain why. It is the beginning of the end. The giant conspirator against law and morals has been brought to bay and the people breathe a sigh of relief. Judge Landis has earned a nation's gratitude.

Just as the fine is imposed the head of the bureau of corporations files a report denying in detail the arguments presented in defense of the Standard Oil monopoly. It is shown that it has raised prices instead of lowering them and that it has prevented the people from getting the full benefit of improved processes of manufacture. Stripped of the deceptive arguments which it has spread broadcast it stands forth convicted of about every crime in the catalogue. And the man whose cunning planned it all what a pitiful figure! The lesson his life teaches will not be lost on the country.

"What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his 'own soul'?"

## Wanted A Winner.

The debate now going on between the Democrats about the availability of Mr. Bryan and others for the nomination for President leads the Augusta Chronicle to declare: "While it is certainly desirable that a Southern man be made President, that object must be accomplished at least upon a basis of merit both in man and platform, and not alone upon a mere geographical accident of birth. For the voters of the country to cast their ballots for a candidate merely because he is a Southerner would be as insane as Southern people casting their votes against the candidate simply because he hails from New York or any other Northern State. What Democrats want is a candidate that can win, and the best display of Americanism they can make will be to unite in supporting such a man."

## A Judicial Boomerang.

The first United States statute imposing an inheritance, or succession tax, was passed in 1797. Such taxes were also imposed by the acts of June 30, 1864, August 27, 1894, and June 13, 1898. The leading cases in which these acts have been construed by the Supreme Court are Scholleys vs. Rew 23 Wallace 331; and Knowlton vs. Moore, 178, U. S. 15. The statutes have all been held to be constitutional; but the court has changed its views as to the grounds on which such a tax is to be upheld. The last opinion of the court maintains that it is an excise tax, and may be levied as ordinary tariff taxes are, without being apportioned among the States according to population. This view places all the property in the country at the disposal of Congress, at the death of the owner. Those people who successfully opposed the income tax levied by the Wilson tariff bill may yet have reason to regret their success in that matter since the decision in the Knowlton-Moore case enables Congress to grab their property at their death without any constitutional limitation except that the tax shall be uniform throughout the United States. The millionaires will, of course, be the first sufferers. But there is no safe-guard against the confiscation of all property, under this decision.

The indications are that Mr. Rockefeller is just now taking a little more than his unusual interest in Standard Oil affairs.

Home Phone Number 59.

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When it's a question of EYE-SIGHT, it's nice to use FORESIGHT and submit that question to me.

## DR. W. H. ARGABRITE,

OPTICIAN and OPTOMETRIST.

PARIS, KY.

Office over Deposit Bank.

CONSULTATION FREE.

## Neighbors Got Fooled.

"I was literally coughing myself to death, and had become too weak to leave my bed; and neighbors predicted that I would never leave it alive; but they got fooled, for thanks be to God, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It took just four one dollar bottles to completely cure the cough and restore me to good sound health," writes Mrs. Eva Uncapher, of Grovertown, Stark county, Ind. This king of coughs and cold cures, and healer of throat and lungs is guaranteed by Oberdorfer, the druggist, 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

## THE ISLAND OF FIRE.

Java's Geological Eccentricity the Lake of Boiling Mud.

The greatest natural wonder in Java, if not in the entire world, is the justly celebrated Gheko Kamdha Gumko or "home of the hot devils," known to the world as the "island of fire." This geological eccentricity is really a lake of boiling mud, situated at about the center of the plains of Grobogan, and is called an island because of the great emerald sea of vegetation which surrounds it and gives it that appearance. The "island" is about two miles in circumference and is situated at a distance of almost exactly fifty miles from Solo. Near the center of this geological freak immense columns of soft hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great timbers thrust through the boiling substratum by giant hands and then quickly withdrawn.

Besides the phenomenon of the boiling mud columns, there are scores of gigantic bubbles of hot slime that fill up like huge balloons and keep up a series of constant explosions; the intensity of the detonations varying with the size of the bubble. In times past, so the Javanese authorities say, there was a tall, spire-like column of baked mud on the west edge of the lake, which constantly belched a pure stream of cold water, but this has long been obliterated, and everything is now a seething mass of bubbling mud and slime, a marvel to the visitors who come from long distances to see it.

## Foundation of Japan.

Every Feb. 11 is celebrated in Japan the great annual festival of Kigen-setsu, the anniversary of the foundation of the empire by the first emperor, Jimmu-tenno, B. C. 660. The Japanese reckon their present era as from this date, and it was on Feb. 11, 1880, that Mutsuhito, the one hundred and twenty-first of the dynasty, promulgated the present constitution of the empire of Japan, the fundamental principle of which is clearly stated in its first article, "The empire of Japan shall be reigned over and governed by a line of emperors unbroken from ages eternal." The organization of a parliament took place in 1890, which in the Japanese reckoning would be 2550 from Jimmu's setting up his capital at Kashiwara, in the province of Yamato, which is regarded by Japanese historians as the beginning of the empire.

## THE LIVER QUARANTINE



"HURRIED eating has ruined many a man's stomach. The digestion-destroying process is gradual, often unnoticed at first. But it is only a short time until the liver balks, the digestive organs give way, and almost countless ills assail the man who endeavors to economize time at the expense of his health."

A torpid liver causes a quarantine of the entire system. It locks in the diseased germs and body poisons and affords them all play, inviting some serious illness. In families where August Flower is used, a sluggish liver and constipation are unknown, so are all stomach ailments, as well as indigestion, dyspepsia, heartburn, headaches and kidney and bladder affections. No well-regulated family should be without this standard remedy. Two sizes, 25c and 75c. All druggists.

G. S. YARDEN &amp; SON, Paris, Ky.

## Paris-Cincinnati Excursion

## Sunday,

## Aug. 18th

Leave Paris, Ky., 7:50 a. m.  
Leave Cincinnati 8:30 p. m.  
from 4th street station.

## Fare \$1.50

## Round Trip

BASEBALL and GOLF in the morning. ZOO, MINERAL SPRINGS, BREEZY RIDES to the Hill Top. Matinees at Theaters.

W. H. HARRIS, Agent,  
D. S. JORDAN, T. A.Bargains in  
REAL ESTATE  
For Sale.

I have listed the following property for sale:

Two Cottages, on West street. Four large rooms each, halls, porches, cistern, good stable; lots 50x100 feet.

Farm of 153 acres near Centerville; all in grass except 25 acres. Brick residence, good barns and all other out-buildings.

Another farm of 47 7-10

acres, on the Russell Cave pike, 8 miles from Paris, 10 from Lexington. New tobacco barn. Other buildings are good.

I should be glad to show you these places at any time. Prices right.

Call on or address  
R. W.

BECRAFT,

2nd Floor Wilson Building,  
E. T. Phone 748.

## Imported Swiss

## Brick and

## Neufchatel

## Cheese

## Just Received.

## SHEA &amp; CO.

Both Phones 423.